# ORTHOGONALIZATION WITH A NON-STANDARD INNER PRODUCT AND APPROXIMATE INVERSE PRECONDITIONING

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### Conjugate gradient method

Assume linear algebraic system:

$$Ax = b$$
,

where A is a SPD matrix.

Well-known fact: Eigenvalues determine convergence rate of CG method  $\rightarrow$  preconditioned conjugate gradient method.

Preconditioners for iterative solvers:

- are necessary for increasing their robustness
- accelerate their convergence (by improving spectral properties of the matrix A)

## Orthogonalization inner products

Gramm-Schmidt:

$$z_i^{(j)} = z_i^{(j-1)} - \alpha_{ji} z_j$$

$$z_i = z_i^{(j)} / ||z_i^{i-1}||_A$$

Modified Gram-Schmidt:

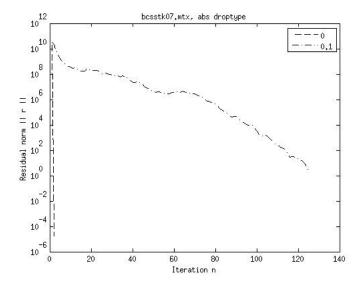
$$\alpha_{ji} = \langle z_i^{(j-1)}, z_j \rangle_A$$

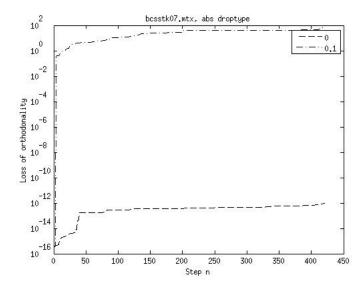
Classical Gram-Schmidt:

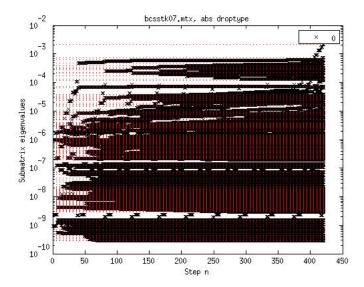
$$\alpha_{ji} = \langle z_i^{(0)}, z_j \rangle_A$$

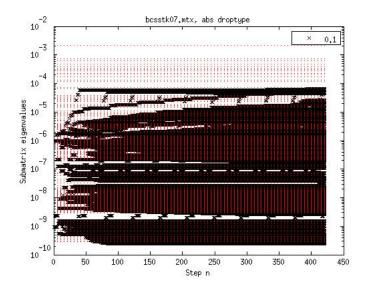
AINV:

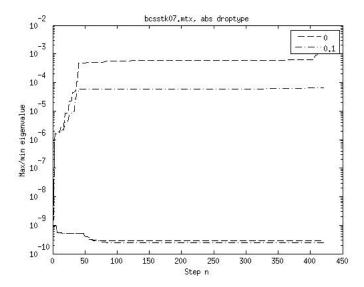
$$\alpha_{ji} = \langle z_i^{(j-1)}, z_j^{(0)} \rangle_A / (\langle z_j^{(0)}, z_j^{(0)} \rangle_A)^{1/2}$$











#### Conclusion and open questions

#### Done

analysis for the full algorithms (without dropping)

#### **Future work**

- ▶ find a connection between estimate of  $\|\bar{Z}^T A \bar{Z} I\|$  and dropping strategy for incomplete schemes
- analyze behavior of preconditioned iterative methods

Thank you for your attention!!!